





For the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2012



On behalf of the Board of Directors of Shell Pakistan Limited, I share with you the results of the Company for the above mentioned period.

Our performance

During the third quarter of this year the Company made a profit of Rs. 441 million as against a loss of Rs. 285 million in the same period last year. Excluding the impact of one-off items, the underlying business environment has remained challenging even though our operating performance improved significantly over the same quarter last year as well as the second quarter of this year. The factors that continue to affect the Company's performance are high interest cost for financing receivables owed by the Government, corporate tax payments in a period of a net loss, and low fuel margins. As a result of the above factors, the Company incurred a net loss of Rs. 1,547 million during the nine months of 2012 as against a profit of Rs. 1,122 million in the same period last year.

Despite these challenges, cash generated from operational activities has increased from an outflow of Rs. 6,063 million in 2011, to an inflow of Rs. 2,684 million in 2012. This is driven by improved working capital management and the Company's successful collection of some old debts. In a high inflation environment we have managed to reduce overall expenses by 2% in the first nine months of 2012 compared to the same period last year. Our external borrowings have shrunk to Rs. 13,428 million at the end of September 2012 compared to Rs. 15,745 million at the end of December 2011.

During the first nine months of 2012, the Company has made significant investments in marketing activities in both the Retail and Lubricants businesses leading to significant growth in motor-gasoline and consumer lubricants sales.

Receivables & financing costs

During the third quarter of this year, there has been little progress in the Government releasing monies due to us. At the end of September, we are still owed:

- Rs. 7,927 million for tax refunds delayed between 1-3 years
- Rs. 2,601 million for fuel price subsidies delayed between 2-9 years

We have with great difficulty collected Rs. 3,450 million during the first nine months of 2012 with cooperation from relevant Government authorities. However the rate of progress by the Government on releasing these monies is slow, causing the Company to continue to bear significant financing costs on bank borrowings required to fund these receivables. Your management continues to engage relevant Government authorities, and we are pressing the Government to pay the remaining amounts on an expedited basis, to ensure business continuity, growth and investment in this key sector.

Turnover tax

Minimum tax on turnover continues to have negative impacts on the Company. Your Company has paid Corporate Income Tax at an unreasonably high rate of nearly 9 times the pre-tax income for the first nine months of 2012. This has resulted in a post tax loss and is stifling future investment and growth prospects in the industry. We continue to discuss the removal of this anomaly with the tax authorities, to bring us in line with various allowances and standard rates already given to other similarly regulated sectors in the country.

Fuel margins

Petrol and diesel margins in Pakistan are regulated and fixed in rupees per liter. These margins are not sufficient to cover steadily rising costs of operations and high financing costs required for investment in stocks and business assets. We are continuously engaging the Government for a revision of margins to align with the increasing cost of doing business.

Going forward

We are in the midst of a challenging period in Pakistan. However, your Company is committed to turning around its profitability to position it for growth.

We thank our shareholders, customers and staff for their constant support and trust in the Company.

October 17, 2012

Omar Sheikh Chairman & Chief Executive

Condensed Interim Balance Sheet

as at September 30, 2012

	Note	Unaudited September 30, 2012	Audited December 31, 2011
		(Rupees '000)	
ASSETS			
Non-current assets	-		/ / 50 000
Property, plant & equipment	5	6,392,484 1,061,035	6,652,020
ntangible assets ong term investments	6	3,280,290	1,321,10. 2,749,610
ong term loans and advances	O	116,916	93,91
ong term deposits and prepayments		163,463	194,24
ong term debtors		2,145	3,73
Deferred taxation	7	168,242	1,383,81
		11,184,575	12,398,439
urrent Assets		14.045	15.14
tores and spares tock-in-trade	8	14,845	15,14
rade debts	0	19,340,902 2,140,928	17,847,22 2,488,91
oans and advances		85,883	66,53
rade deposits and short term prepayments		213,827	271,13
Other receivables	9	10,851,352	14,633,25
Cash and bank balances		1,506,162	1,438,44
axation		151,635	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		34,305,534	36,760,64
OTAL ASSETS		45,490,109	49,159,08
QUITY AND LIABILITIES			
QUITY	10	954 100	40400
Share capital Leserves	10	856,100 1,924,830	684,880 2,096,050
Jnappropriated profit		3,930,016	5,477,19
IABILITIES		6,710,946	8,258,12
Non-Current Liabilities Asset retirement obligation		198,074	189,35
Current Liabilities			
rade and other payables	11	25,017,772	24,495,10
Accrued mark-up	1 1	135,196	217,64
Short term running finances utilised under mark-up			1 217,54
arrangements - secured		6,948,121	7,866,03
Short term loans - secured		6,480,000	7,879,00
axation			253,82
		38,581,089	40,711,60
		38,779,163	40,900,96
OTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		45,490,109	49,159,08

The annexed notes 1 to 17 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Omar Sheikh

Chairman & Chief Executive

Imran R. Ibrahim

Condensed Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

for the quarter and nine months ended September 30, 2012

Note	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2011 (Rupee	September 30, 2012 s '000)	September 30, 2011
			•	
		187,958,915		
	501 401	, ,	56,393,570	57,541,150
	501,621	392,827	168,371	146,569
	176,323,936	188,351,742	56,561,941	57,687,719
	(23,249,649)	(21,087,872)	(7,322,899)	(6,741,774)
	153,074,287	167,263,870	49,239,042	50,945,945
	(145,553,341)	(157,394,977)	(45,716,781)	(48,635,890)
	7,520,946	9,868,893	3,522,261	2,310,055
	(2,570,543)	(3,024,285)	(789,628)	(1,086,858)
	(3,052,339)	(2,708,101)	(1,374,201)	(839,613)
	1,898,064	4,136,507	1,358,432	383,584
	(692,500)	(552,440)	(136,797)	95,421
	1,205,564	3,584,067	1,221,635	479,005
	232,569	146,716	100,004	37,950
	1,438,133	3,730,783	1,321,639	516,955
	(1,346,036)	(1,505,909)	(379,507)	(645,818)
	92,097	2,224,874	942,132	(128,863)
	530,680	483,050	171,810	165,632
	622,777	2,707,924	1,113,942	36,769
13	(2,169,952)	(1,585,505)	(672,669)	(321,549)
	(1,547,175)	1,122,419	441,273	(284,780)
	(10.07)	10.11	E 17	(3.33)
	13	(23,249,649) 153,074,287 (145,553,341) 7,520,946 (2,570,543) (3,052,339) 1,898,064 (692,500) 1,205,564 232,569 1,438,133 (1,346,036) 92,097 530,680 622,777 13 (2,169,952)	(23,249,649) (21,087,872) 153,074,287 167,263,870 (145,553,341) (157,394,977) 7,520,946 9,868,893 (2,570,543) (3,024,285) (3,052,339) (2,708,101) 1,898,064 4,136,507 (692,500) (552,440) 1,205,564 3,584,067 232,569 146,716 1,438,133 3,730,783 (1,346,036) (1,505,909) 92,097 2,224,874 530,680 483,050 622,777 2,707,924 13 (2,169,952) (1,585,505) (1,547,175) 1,122,419	(23,249,649) (21,087,872) (7,322,899) 153,074,287 167,263,870 49,239,042 (145,553,341) (157,394,977) (45,716,781) 7,520,946 9,868,893 3,522,261 (2,570,543) (3,024,285) (789,628) (3,052,339) (2,708,101) (1,374,201) 1,898,064 4,136,507 1,358,432 (692,500) (552,440) (136,797) 1,205,564 3,584,067 1,221,635 232,569 146,716 100,004 1,438,133 3,730,783 1,321,639 (1,346,036) (1,505,909) (379,507) 92,097 2,224,874 942,132 530,680 483,050 171,810 622,777 2,707,924 1,113,942 (1,547,175) 1,122,419 441,273

Appropriations have been reflected in the statement of changes in equity.

The annexed notes 1 to 17 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Omar Sheikh

Chairman & Chief Executive

Imran R. Ibrahim

Condensed Interim Statement of Changes in Equity (Unaudited)

for the nine months ended September 30, 2012

	Share capital	Capital reserves - share premium	General revenue reserves	Unapproprio profit	ated Total
_		•	(Rupees '000)		
Balance as at January 1, 2011 (audited)	684,880	1,889,048	207,002	5,119,105	7,900,035
Final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2010 at Rs. 8 per share	-	-	-	(547,904)	(547,904)
Profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2011	-	-	-	1,122,419	1,122,419
Other comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2011	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at September 30, 2011 (unaudited)	684,880	1,889,048	207,002	5,693,620	8,474,550
Loss for the three months ended December 31, 2011	-	-	-	(216,429)	(216,429)
Other comprehensive income for the three months ended December 31, 2011	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at January 1, 2012 (audited)	684,880	1,889,048	207,002	5,477,191	8,258,121
Bonus shares issued during the period in the ratio of 1 share for every 4 shares held	171,220	(171,220)	-	-	-
Loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2012	-	-	-	(1,547,175)	(1,547,175)
Other comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2012	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at September 30, 2012 (unaudited)	856,100	1,717,828	207,002	3,930,016	6,710,946

The annexed notes 1 to 17 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

Omar Sheikh Chairman & Chief Executive Imran R. Ibrahim

Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

for the nine months ended September 30, 2012

	Note	Nine months ended	
		2012	2011
		(Rupees	′000) —
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated from / (used in) operations	14	5,297,204	(3,790,021
Finance costs paid		(1,271,536)	(1,222,474
Taxes paid		(1,359,842)	(1,072,937
Long term loans and advances		(23,001)	(11,884
Long term deposits and prepayments		30,778	19,480
Mark up received on short term deposits		8,446	21,854
Long term debtors		1,587	(6,653)
Net cash generated from operating activities		2,683,636	(6,062,635
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Fixed capital expenditure		(316,945)	(752,179)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		17,935	47,231
Net cash used in investing activities		(299,010)	(704,948
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends paid		-	(528,359
Repayment of liability under finance lease		-	(15,088)
Net cash used in financing activities		-	(543,447)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,384,626	(7,311,030
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		(14,306,585)	(8,941,413
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period			(16,252,443

The annexed notes 1 to 17 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Omar Sheikh

Chairman & Chief Executive

Imran R. Ibrahim

for the period ended September 30, 2012

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

- 1.1 Shell Pakistan Limited (the Company) is a limited liability company incorporated in Pakistan and is listed on the Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges. The Company is a subsidiary of Shell Petroleum Company Limited, United Kingdom (immediate parent) which is a subsidiary of Royal Dutch Shell plc (ultimate parent). The registered office of the Company is located at Shell House, 6, Ch. Khaliquzzaman Road, Karachi-75530, Pakistan.
- The Company markets petroleum products and compressed natural gas. It also blends and markets various kinds of 1.2 lubricating oils.

BASIS OF PREPARATION 2.

- 2.1 This condensed interim financial information of the Company for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 is unaudited and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard 34 - 'Interim Financial Reporting' and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (the Ordinance). In case where the requirements differ, the provisions of or directives issued under the Ordinance have been followed.
- 2.2 This condensed interim financial information is being submitted to the shareholders in accordance with section 245 of the Ordinance and should be read in conjunction with the audited annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2011.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3.

The accounting policies and the methods of computation adopted in the preparation of this condensed interim financial information are the same as those applied in the preparation of audited annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2011.

ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS 4.

- 4.1 The preparation of this condensed interim financial information in conformity with the approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual results may differ from these estimates.
- 4.2 During the preparation of this condensed interim financial information, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that were applied to the audited annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Unaudited September 30, 2012 ——— (Rupee:	Audited December 31, 2011 s '000)———
6,199,275	5,606,489
335,780	1,128,102
6,535,055	6,734,591
(142,571)	(82,571)
6,392,484	6,652,020
	September 30, 2012 (Rupee: 6,199,275 335,780 6,535,055 (142,571)

for the period ended September 30, 2012

			Unaudited September 30, 2012 ———————————————————————————————————	Audited December 31, 2011
5.1	Additions to operating assets during the period $\!\!\!/$ year were	as follows:	(Ropec.	3 000)
	Owned assets			
	Buildings on freehold land		16,104	53,882
	Buildings on leasehold land		18,182	-
	Tanks and pipelines		438,671	1,580
	Plant and machinery		189,118	86,479
	Lifts		3,600	-
	Dispensing pumps		21,466	2,091
	Rolling stock and vehicles		37,993	31,679
	Electrical, mechanical and fire fighting equipment		272,447	146,420
	Furniture, office equipment and other assets		119,741	618
	Computer auxiliaries		7,602	3,922
			1,124,924	326,671
		Cost	Accumulated	Net book
			depreciation — (Rupees '000) —	value
	September 30, 2012 (unaudited)		-	
	September 30, 2012 (unaudited) Owned assets Rolling stock and vehicles	38,365	-	value
	Owned assets		— (Rupees '000) –	7,429
	Owned assets Rolling stock and vehicles		(Rupees '000) –	7,429 180,298 Audited December 31, 2011
5.3	Owned assets Rolling stock and vehicles		30,936 333,978 Unaudited September 30, 2012	7,429 180,298 Audited December 31, 2011
5.3	Owned assets Rolling stock and vehicles December 31, 2011 (audited)		30,936 333,978 Unaudited September 30, 2012	7,429 180,298 Audited December 31, 2011
5.3	Owned assets Rolling stock and vehicles December 31, 2011 (audited) Capital work-in-progress		30,936 333,978 Unaudited September 30, 2012 (Rupees	7,429 180,298 Audited December 31, 2011 s '000)
5.3	Owned assets Rolling stock and vehicles December 31, 2011 (audited) Capital work-in-progress Buildings on leasehold land		30,936 333,978 Unaudited September 30, 2012 (Rupees	7,429 180,298 Audited December 31, 2011 s '000)
5.3	Owned assets Rolling stock and vehicles December 31, 2011 (audited) Capital work-in-progress Buildings on leasehold land Tanks and pipelines		30,936 333,978 Unaudited September 30, 2012 (Rupee:	7,429 180,298 Audited December 31, 2011 s '000) 587,451 338,305
5.3	Owned assets Rolling stock and vehicles December 31, 2011 (audited) Capital work-in-progress Buildings on leasehold land Tanks and pipelines Plant and machinery		30,936 333,978 Unaudited September 30, 2012 (Rupees 204,916 58,063 72,212	7,429 180,298 Audited December 31, 2011 s '000) 587,451 338,305 175,269
5.3	Owned assets Rolling stock and vehicles December 31, 2011 (audited) Capital work-in-progress Buildings on leasehold land Tanks and pipelines Plant and machinery Electrical, mechanical and fire fighting equipment		30,936 333,978 Unaudited September 30, 2012 (Rupee: 204,916 58,063 72,212 35	7,429 180,298 Audited December 31, 2011 s '000) 587,451 338,305 175,269 26,466

for the period ended September 30, 2012

LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS 6.

This includes investment in associate "Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited (PAPCO)", which is carried under equity method of accounting amounting to Rs. 3,275,290 thousand (December 31, 2011: Rs. 2,744,610 thousand) as follows:

Unaudited

Audited

Movement of investment in associate	September 30, 2012 ———— (Rupees	December 31, 2011 5 '000)———
Balance at the beginning of the period / year	2,744,610	2,542,853
Share of profit	816,222	981,817
Share of taxation	(285,542)	(346,626)
	530,680	635,191
Dividend received	-	(433,434)
Balance at the end of the period / year	3,275,290	2,744,610

7. **DEFERRED TAXATION**

This is composed of the following:

Taxable temporary differences arising in respect of:

accelerated tax depreciationinvestment in associate	(937,041) (140,329)	(719,540) (87,261)
Deductible temporary differences arising in respect of:		
- short-term provisions	473,581	400,066
- carry forward tax losses - note 7.1	772,031	1,790,551
	168,242	1.383.816

7.1 Deferred income tax asset is recognised for tax losses available for carry-forward to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. The aggregate unutilised tax losses as at September 30, 2012 amount to Rs. 5,619,729 thousand (December 31, 2011: Rs. 5,444,606 thousand), out of which deferred income tax asset has been recognised on tax losses amounting to Rs. 2,275,295 thousand (December 31, 2011: Rs. 5,115,860 thousand), based on projections of future taxable profits of the Company. Tax losses amounting to Rs. 5,031,148 thousand available for utilisation against future taxable profits expire in 2014.

8. STOCK-IN-TRADE

This includes finished products aggregating Rs. 2,801,134 thousand at cost (December 31, 2011: Nil) which have been valued at their net realisable value amounting to Rs. 2,744,393 thousand (December 31, 2011: Nil).

for the period ended September 30, 2012

	Unaudited September 30, 2012 ———— (Rupee	Audited December 31, 2011 es '000)
9. OTHER RECEIVABLES		
Petroleum development levy and other duties - note 9.1 Price differential claims	2,305,706	2,364,502
- on imported purchases - note 9.2	295,733	295,733
- on high speed diesel (HSD) - note 9.3	343,584	747,490
- on imported motor gasoline - note 9.4	1,961,211	1,961,211
Sales tax refundable - note 9.5	4,991,780	8,530,611
Inland freight equalisation mechanism	219,084	339,063
Service cost receivable from related parties	78,107	74,787
Service cost receivable from associate company - PAPCO	7,265	4,712
Staff retirement benefit schemes	303,875	229,702
Mark-up receivable on short-term deposits	2,955	1,576
Taxes recoverable	546,629	288,896
Others	18,095	978
	11,074,024	14,839,261
Provision for impairment	(222,672)	(206,006)
	10,851,352	14,633,255

- 9.1 This includes petroleum development levy recoverable amounting to Rs. 2,288,862 thousand (December 31, 2011: Rs. 2,274,308 thousand) from the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) on account of export sales. In 2011, the Company approached the Government of Pakistan (GoP) and FBR for settlement of this receivable. The GoP sought certain information which has been provided by the Company. The FBR through the Large Taxpayer Unit (LTU) has completed the verification exercise for claims amounting to Rs. 604,939 thousand which have been forwarded to the Ministry of Finance for processing. The remaining claims are under verification. The Company is confident of the recovery of the amount in full on completion of the verification exercise by FBR.
- 9.2 This represents amount receivable on account of price differential on imports and the ex-refinery price on direct and retail sales during the period 1990-2002.
- 9.3 This represents price differential on local / imported purchases of HSD which was based on rates notified by GoP to subsidise petroleum prices by restricting the increase in prices in order to reduce the burden of rising oil prices on the end consumers.

During the period, the Company has received an amount of Rs. 403,906 thousand from GoP in respect of these claims. The Company along with the industry and Oil Companies Advisory Committee (OCAC) continues to follow up this matter with the Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Resources (MoPNR) and is confident of recovering the amount in full.

for the period ended September 30, 2012

9.4 This represents the Company's share of price differential claims on account of import of motor gasoline by the Company, being the difference between their landed cost and exrefinery prices announced by Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA). In 2007, the Company as well as other oil marketing companies were asked in a meeting chaired by Director General Oil to import motor gasoline to meet the increasing local demand. Accordingly, oil marketing companies approached MoPNR with a proposal for pricing mechanism whereby end consumer price of motor gasoline was proposed to be fixed at weighted average of exrefinery (import parity) price and landed cost of the imported product. Although no response was received from the MoPNR, the Company along with another oil marketing company continued to import motor gasoline on behalf of the industry being confident that price differential on motor gasoline, will be settled as per previous practice i.e. based on the differential between exrefinery and import cost at the time of filing of cargo with Customs, as imports were being made on MoPNR instructions.

In 2009, oil marketing companies approached the MoPNR requesting an expeditious settlement of these claims. Further, the Company along with the industry also approached MoPNR through letter dated July 23, 2009 requesting for an early settlement of these claims. On October 2, 2009, MoPNR requested that an audited claim be submitted to allow further consideration and resolution of the matter. The Company has accordingly submitted audit reports thereafter and for claims till May 31, 2011.

In 2011, the Company received an amount of Rs. 454,000 thousand from GoP in respect of these claims. The Company along with the industry and Oil Companies Advisory Committee (OCAC) continues to follow up this matter with MoPNR and is confident of recovering this amount in full. The receivable represents the Company's share of differential claims on shared import cargoes of motor gasoline.

9.5 This principally represents sales tax refundable on account of export sales for which the Company has filed claim with FBR and is actively pursuing for recovery. During the period, the Company has received refunds aggregating to Rs. 3,046,491 thousand in respect of these claims.

10. **SHARE CAPITAL**

During the period, a 25% issue of bonus shares in the ratio of one share for every four shares held by shareholders was proposed in the 274th meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company held on March 7, 2012. The approval of the members for issue of bonus shares was obtained in the 43rd Annual General Meeting held on April 19, 2012. The effect of the issue of 17,121,973 bonus shares of Rs. 10 each has been accounted for in this condensed interim financial information.

for the period ended September 30, 2012

11. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES Creditors - note 11.1 19,054,476 18,782,851 Oil marketing companies 7,607 7,607 Accrued liabilities 3,197,416 2,539,936 Excise and customs duties and development surcharge 39,704 80,743 Dealers' and customers' security deposits 529,810 663,949
Oil marketing companies7,6077,607Accrued liabilities3,197,4162,539,936Excise and customs duties and development surcharge39,70480,743
Accrued liabilities 3,197,416 2,539,936 Excise and customs duties and development surcharge 39,704 80,743
Excise and customs duties and development surcharge 39,704 80,743
Dealers' and customers' security deposits 529.810 663.949
Dealers and essiminate secting deposits
Advances received from customers 1,733,954 1,917,721
Provision for post retirement medical benefits 41,558 41,558
Workers' welfare fund 265,463 265,463
Workers' profits participation fund 1,940 11,441
Unclaimed dividends 112,702 107,572
Payable to the Earthquake Relief Fund 948 948
Other liabilities 32,194 <i>75,</i> 314
25,017,772 24,495,103

This includes amounts due to related parties aggregating to Rs. 10,195,252 thousand (December 31, 2011: Rs. 13,930,294 thousand). Particulars of the amounts due are as follows:

September 30, 2012	Audited December 31, 2011 es '000)———
8,295,728	12,792,654
16,712	-
1,882,812	1,092,366
-	45,274
10,195,252	13,930,294
	30, 2012 (Rupee 8,295,728 16,712 1,882,812

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

12.1 Contingencies

12.1.1 Infrastructure fee

The Sindh Finance Act, 1994, prescribed the imposition of an infrastructure fee at the rate of 0.5% of the C&F value of all goods entering or leaving the province of Sindh via sea or air.

The Company and several others challenged the levy in constitutional petitions before the High Court of Sindh. These petitions were dismissed as, during their pendency, the nature of the levy was changed by the Government of Sindh through an Ordinance. The Company and others therefore filed civil suits in the High Court of Sindh challenging the amended Ordinance. However, these suits were also dismissed in October 2003. All the plaintiffs preferred intra-court appeals against the dismissal. The intra-court appeals were decided by the High Court in September 2008 wherein it was held that the levy is valid and collectable only from December 12, 2006 onwards and not prior to this date. Being aggrieved by the said judgement, both the Company and the Government of Sindh filed separate appeals before the Supreme Court of Pakistan.

for the period ended September 30, 2012

In 2011, the Government of Sindh, unconditionally withdrew its appeals on the plea that the Sindh Assembly had legislated the Sindh Finance (Amendment) Act, 2009, levying infrastructure fee with retrospective effect from 1994. However, the Supreme Court of Pakistan, in view of the new legislation, directed the Company and others to file fresh petitions to challenge the same before the High Court and set aside the earlier order of the High Court.

The High Court on fresh petitions filed, passed an interim order directing that any bank guarantee / security furnished for consignments cleared upto December 27, 2006 are to be returned and for period thereafter guarantees or securities furnished for consignments cleared are to be encashed to the extent of 50% and the remaining balance is to be retained till the disposal of petitions. For future clearances the Company is required to clear the goods on paying of 50% of the fee amount involved and furnishing a guarantee / security for the balance amount.

Subsequent to the orders of the court, the Company has reviewed its position and without acknowledging it as a debt now estimates the accumulated levy up to September 30, 2012 at Rs. 40,055 thousand (December 31, 2011: Rs. 30,993 thousand). However, the eventual obligation on account of the aggregate fee, if any, cannot be ascertained presently because of uncertainty in relation to the extent of its application to the Company. For these reasons and based on a legal advice obtained, no provision has been made in the condensed interim financial information against the levy as the Company's management expects a favourable outcome.

12.1.2 Taxation

- 12.1.2.1 In 2011, the Company received a demand from tax authorities in respect of tax year 2008 amounting to Rs. 735,109 thousand. The demand principally arose due to addition made by assessing officer in respect of allocation of common expenses and taxing the reversal of provision for impairment in trade and other receivables. Further, assessing officer had also disallowed the credit for minimum tax amounting to Rs. 482,685 thousand paid in earlier year and set-off against tax liability for the tax year 2008. The Company thereafter filed an application against the order for rectification of certain mistakes apparent from the record. The tax officer rectified the order accepting the Company's contention and reduced the demand to Rs. 527,150 thousand. The Company in response to the demands deposited an amount of Rs. 120,000 thousand and filed an appeal with the Commissioner Inland Revenue (CIR) (Appeals). The remaining demand has been adjusted by the taxation authorities from sales tax refundable. During the period, CIR (Appeals) has decided the case against the Company. The Company has filed an appeal against the order before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) and based on the advice of its tax consultant expects a favourable outcome and as such has not made any provision thereagainst. The adjustment made against the demand has been included in other receivables as reflected on the balance sheet in the condensed interim financial information.
- 12.1.2.2 During the period, the Company received a demand from tax authorities in respect of tax year 2004 amounting to Rs. 161,057 thousand. The demand principally arose due to addition made by assessing officer in respect of allocation of common expenses, disallowance of software cost claimed as revenue expenditure and credit disallowed in respect of income derived from Azad Kashmir. The Company in response to the order has deposited an amount of Rs. 29,106 thousand and has filed a rectification application and an appeal with CIR (Appeals), where the Company, based on the advice of its tax consultant expects a favourable outcome. The Company, however, has provided for an amount of Rs. 19,068 thousand representing its best estimate of potential liability arising therefrom. The payment made against the demand to the extent considered recoverable has been included in other receivables as reflected on the balance sheet in the condensed interim financial information.

for the period ended September 30, 2012

Sales tax and federal excise duty (FED) 12.1.3

12.1.3.1 In 2011, the tax authorities after conducting sales tax and federal excise audit for period July 2008 to June 2009 and post refund audit for period September and October 2008 raised sales tax and federal excise duty demands amounting to Rs. 1,843,529 thousand through several orders. The demands primarily arose on account of (i) disallowing input tax against zero rated supplies; (ii) levying FED on license fee, group service fee and trademarks and manifestation fee; (iii) levying sales tax on difference in output sales tax as per return and financial statements; and (iv) sales tax on lubricants paid on the value of supply instead of retail price as mentioned on packs.

During the period, the tax authorities while conducting sales tax and federal excise audit for period July 2009 to December 2009 raised further demand of Rs. 1,093,370 thousand on similar issues. The Company in response to the aforementioned orders filed appeals and sought stay against the demands with the ATIR and CIR (Appeals) where one of the appeals has been decided in favour of the Company by the ATIR. Further, CIR has also granted stay against recovery of the demands for other appeal.

The Company with respect to the merits of the case based on the advice of its tax consultant and legal opinion obtained, expects a favourable outcome on the matter and accordingly no provision has been made in this respect in the condensed interim financial information.

12.1.3.2 During the period, the Company received an order from Model Customs Collectorate, Hyderabad raising sales tax demand of Rs. 46,838 thousand, without specifying the basis of computation, on goods imported by levying further sales tax @ 2% representing minimum value addition under Sub-section-5 of Section 3 read with Section 7A of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 and Chapter X of the Sales Tax Special Procedure Rules, 2007.

Further, the Company has also received show cause notices from other Model Customs Collectorates with a potential demand of Rs. 4,775,814 thousand, the basis of computation of which has not been specified. The Company is of the view that the sales tax on minimum value addition is not applicable as OMCs are manufacturers of lubricants and other products and the prices of POL products imported by them for sale in the country are administered under a special pricing arrangement agreed with the GoP. The FBR has issued directives restricting collectorates from any recovery actions and has also issued a notification dated February 10, 2012 confirming that value addition sales tax is not to be charged on POL products whose prices are regulated under special pricing arrangement by the GoP or regulatory authority working under the GoP. Recently, Model Customs Adjudication has quashed the show cause notices of Faisalabad, Lahore and Multan Collectorates based on the notification. The Company is also of the opinion that OMCs cannot be required to pay the tax on unregulated products / exports retrospectively since clarification of FBR was in field at that time and is confident that revised notification in this respect will be issued for which it will be approaching FBR along with the industry. Further, in the event the Company is required to make a payment in this respect, it is Company's contention that it will be able to claim the amount paid as input tax except for default surcharge which cannot be computed at this stage. Accordingly, no provision has been made in this respect in the condensed interim financial information.

12.1.4 **PARCO** pipeline fill

The MoPNR had made a claim relating to the loan arranged by the Government of Pakistan to the Company to finance the initial fill of the Pak-Arab Refinery Limited (PARCO) pipeline. MoPNR calculated the Company's liability by applying the price prevailing on August 11, 2000 to the quantity of fuel supplied at the time of initial fill. The Company maintained that its liability was limited only to the extent of Rs. 78,164 thousand which was based on the price prevailing at the time of initial fill and which was fully paid in March 2007. The Company did not acknowledge the additional liability of Rs. 215,836 thousand as claimed by MoPNR.

for the period ended September 30, 2012

During the period, the MoPNR has adjusted the aforementioned additional claim from payment of price differential claim on high speed diesel. The amount adjusted has been charged off in the condensed interim statement of comprehensive income.

12.1.5 **Others**

The amount of other claims against the Company not acknowledged as debt as at September 30, 2012 aggregate to approximately Rs. 2,370,239 thousand (December 31, 2011: Rs. 2,402,630 thousand). This includes claims by refineries, amounting to Rs. 996,554 thousand (December 31, 2011: Rs. 996,554 thousand) in respect of delayed payment charges. The Company does not acknowledge the claim for late payment charges as the delayed payment to refineries arose due to the liquidity crisis faced by oil marketing companies over the past few years caused by non-settlement of price differential claims by the GoP.

12.2 **Commitments**

- 12.2.1 Capital expenditure contracted for but not incurred as at September 30, 2012 amounted to approximately Rs. 96,561 thousand (December 31, 2011: Rs. 308,517 thousand).
- 12.2.2 Commitments for rentals of assets under operating lease agreements as at September 30, 2012 amounted to Rs. 2,786,226 thousand (December 31, 2011: Rs. 2,822,905 thousand) payable as follows:

	September 30, 2012 ———————————————————————————————————	Audited December 31, 2011 s '000)———
Not later than one year	160,706	152,284
Later than one year and not later than five years	654,131	638,394
Later than five years	1,971,389	2,032,227
	2,786,226	2,822,905

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12.2.3 Post-dated cheques have been deposited with the Collector of Customs Port Qasim and Karachi Port Trust in accordance with the Customs' Act, 1969 as an indemnity to adequately discharge the liability for the duties and taxes leviable on imports, as required under the Finance Act, 2005. As at September 30, 2012, the value of these cheques amounted to Rs. 3,954,345 thousand (December 31, 2011: Rs. 4,927,938 thousand). The maturity dates of these cheques extend to March 22, 2013 (December 31, 2011: June 29, 2012).

for the period ended September 30, 2012

12.2.4 Letters of credit and bank guarantees outstanding as at September 30, 2012 amount to 3,571,580 thousand (December 31, 2011: Rs. 4,441,046 thousand).

		Unaudited			
		Nine months ended		Quarter ended	
		September 30, 2012	September 30, 2011	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2011
13.	TAXATION	(Rupees '000)			
	Current				
	- for the period - note 13.1	756,515	1,033,380	251,754	321,549
	- for prior periods	197,868	26,801	-	-
	Deferred	1,215,569	525,324	420,915	-
		2,169,952	1,585,505	672,669	321,549

13.1 This includes minimum tax @ 0.5% of taxable turnover amounting to Rs. 731,474 thousand (September 30, 2011: Rs.657,028 thousand). Minimum tax is adjustable against the tax liability of succeeding five years. The Company however, on prudence, has not recognised the related deferred tax asset in view of unutilised tax losses available for set off against future taxable income aggregating Rs. 5,619,729 thousand (December 31, 2011: Rs. 5,444,606 thousand). Minimum tax which is available for adjustment against the future tax liability and not recognised as tax asset aggregates to Rs. 2,701,447 thousand (December 31, 2011: Rs. 1,969,973 thousand).

Unaudited Nine months ended	
September 30, 2012	September 30, 2011
(Kupee	s ² 000)———
622,777	2,707,924
<i>7</i> 69,118	818,452
8,723	(538)
1,809	22,702
(52,680)	(48,281)
60,000	35,562
1,634	-
(12,140)	117,876
(530,681)	(483,050)
(9,825)	(21,854)
1,189,091	1,344,902
-	884
3,249,378	(8,284,600)
5,297,204	(3,790,021)
	Nine mon September 30, 2012 (Rupee 622,777 769,118 8,723 1,809 (52,680) 60,000 1,634 (12,140) (530,681) (9,825) 1,189,091 - 3,249,378

for the period ended September 30, 2012

		Unaudited Nine months ended			
		September 30, 2012	September 30, 2011		
14.1	Working capital changes	——— (Rupe	(Rupees '000)		
	Decrease / (increase) in current assets				
	Stores and spares	299	(1,471)		
	Stock-in-trade	(1,493,680)	(6,954,260)		
	Trade debts	415,519	(204,597)		
	Loans and advances	(19,351)	17,950		
	Short-term prepayments	57,306	(34,010)		
	Other receivables	3,766,616	(4,758,859)		
		2,726,709	(11,935,247)		
	(Decrease) / increase in current liability				
	Trade and other payables	522,669	3,650,647		
		3,249,378	(8,284,600)		

for the period ended September 30, 2012

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 15.

Transactions entered during the period by the Company with related parties are as follows:

		Unaudited Nine months ended	
		September 30, 2012	September 30, 2011
		(Rupee	es '000)———
Nature of relationship	Nature of transactions		
Associate			
Pak-Arab Pipeline			
Company Limited	Pipeline charges	408,104	528,104
Staff retirement benefit /			
contribution funds			
Pension Funds	Contribution	79,326	56,912
Gratuity Funds	Contribution	18,013	13,836
Provident Funds	Contribution	33,758	21,920
Key management personnel	Remuneration - note 15.1	43,522	76,568
	Directors' Fee	920	960
Other related parties	Purchases	38,252,528	74,503,716
	Sales	1,189,506	1,473,493
	Technical service fee		
	charged - note 15.2	1,030,869	<i>7</i> 91,235
	Trademarks and manifestations		
	license fee charged - note 15.3	207,821	131,916
	Computer expenses charged		
	(Global Infrastructure		
	Desktop charges) - note 15.3	190,187	117,708
	Expenses recovered from related		
	parties - note 15.4	165,213	135,119
	Other expenses charged by related		
	parties - note 15.4	471,554	358,354
	Legal charges	72	99

^{15.1} Key Management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly. The Company considers its Chief Executive and Executive Directors to be key management personnel.

for the period ended September 30, 2012

- 15.2 Technical services include advice and assistance to the Company in its operations. The fee for these services has been determined on the basis of agreements between the Company and a related Shell Group company based on an agreed methodology.
- 15.3 Trademarks and manifestations license fee and Global Infrastructure Desktop charges are based on the agreements entered into by the Company with Shell Group companies.
- 15.4 Expenses recovered from / charged by related parties are based on actuals.

CORRESPONDING FIGURES 16.

- 16.1 In order to comply with the requirements of International Accounting Standard 34 – 'Interim Financial Reporting', corresponding figures in the condensed interim balance sheet comprise of balances as per the audited annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2011 and the corresponding figures in the condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of changes in equity and condensed interim statement of cash flows comprise of balances of comparable period as per the condensed interim financial information of the Company for the nine months ended September 30, 2011.
- 16.2 Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever necessary, for the purpose of comparison.

DATE OF AUTHORISATION 17.

This condensed interim financial information was authorized for issue on October 17, 2012 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Omar Sheikh Chairman & Chief Executive Imran R. Ibrahim

Company **Information**

Board of Directors

Chairman

Omar Y. Sheikh Rafi H. Basheer Farrokh K. Captain **Chong Keng Cheen** Moon Hussain **Imran R. Ibrahim** Nasser N. S. Jaffer Zaffar A. Khan Michael Noll **Haroon Rashid** Badaruddin F. Vellani

Managing Director & Chief Executive

Omar Y. Sheikh

Chairman

Audit Committee Badaruddin F. Vellani Imran R. Ibrahim Michael Noll

Company Secretary

Tariq Saeed

Registered Office

Shell House 6, Ch. Khaliquzzaman Road Karachi-75530

Auditors

A. F. Ferguson & Co.

Legal Advisors

Vellani & Vellani Advocates & Solicitors

Registrar & Share Registration Office

FAMCO Associates (Pvt) Ltd. 1st Floor, State Life Building 1-A I. I. Chundrigar Road Karachi-74000

